

ALVIN ANG, PhD Director, ACERD and Professor, Economics Department May 2021

OUTLINE

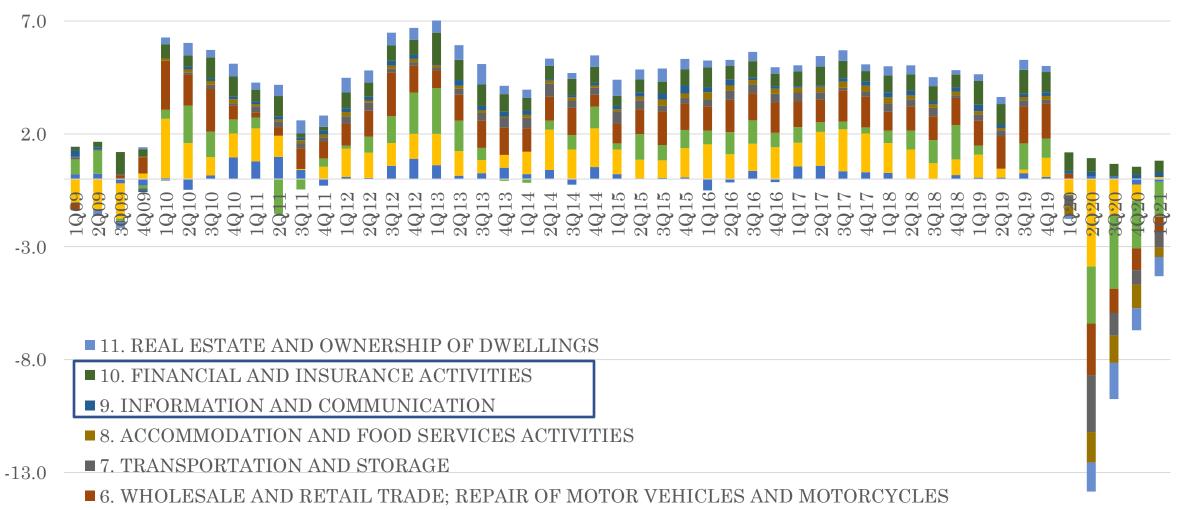
• Facts for Recovery •World Recovery – an imperative •Which industries are growing/need to grow •Employment will follow •Where are the opportunities for growth **o**Estimates



PRE-PANDEMIC ECONOMIC STRUCTURE

- Strong Household Consumption
- Strong Investments
- Moderate Government Participation
- Large Trade Deficit
- Weak Agriculture
- Moderate Manufacturing
- Services led by Wholesale and Retail Trade, Construction, Finance
- Supported by Business Process Outsourcing and some FDI
- Boosted by OFW Remittances





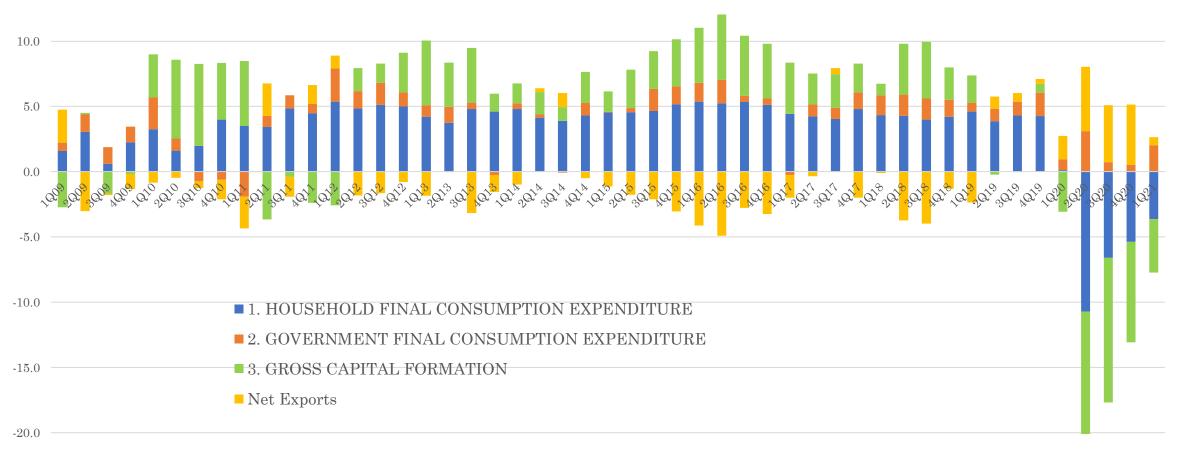
CENTER FOR ECONOMIC

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

CONTRIBUTION TO GROWTH

- **5**. CONSTRUCTION
- **3. MANUFACTURING**
- -18.0 AGRICULTURE, HUNTING AND FORESTRY

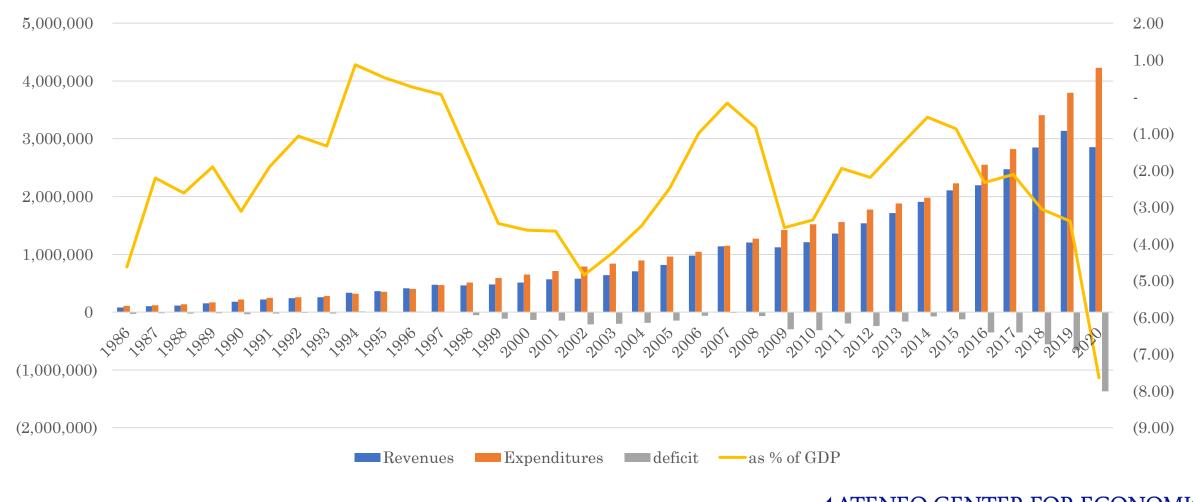
QUICK RECOVERY IS DEPENDENT ON CONDITIONS BEFORE PANDEMIC



CONTRIBUTION TO GROWTH

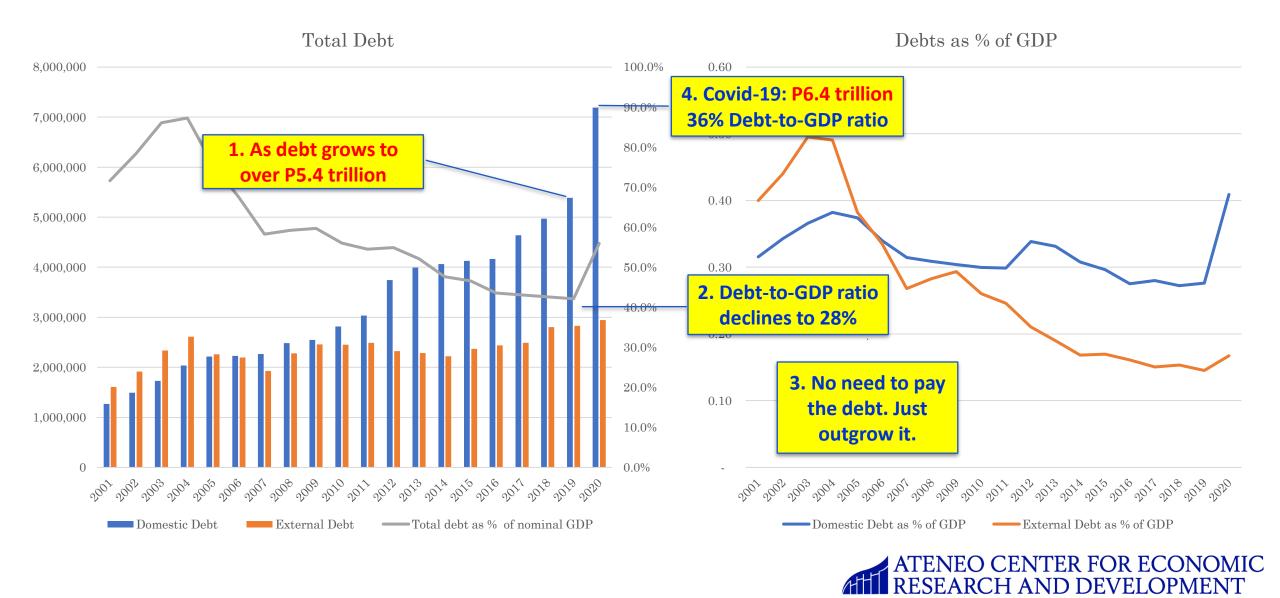


FISCAL POSITION WORSENED



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GOVERNMENT HAS TO BORROW



FACTS FOR RECOVERY

Public Health Prioritization

- Economic Activity will remain depressed as long as the threat of the virus remain
- Government has to boost public health defense

Negative Shock will linger

- Global Response is uncoordinated
- Borders will remain restricted
- Economic activity will be volatile

Economic Precondition matters How big is informality and public services
How dependent is a country on tourism, remittances, exports and FDI

Source: World Bank, November 2020



PUBLIC HEALTH PRIORITIZATION

	APRIL 2020	APRIL 2021
Total Tests Conducted	89,889	1,190,873
Daily Test Conducted	4,895	42,981
Number of Laboratories	19	216
Ward beds	1,444	11,193
Isolation beds	4,746	19,445
ICU beds	800	2,810
Number of Active Cases	7,777	71,472
Number of Health Workers affected	1,434	15,662*
Positivity Rate	12%	10.1%

*As of March 2021, Source: DOH



TESTS PER CASE SPELL THE DIFFERENCE OF GROWTH, LOCKDOWNS AND LIVELIHOODS

Determinant	Output	COVID suffering	Public health p	olicy responses	Domestic exposure	Fiscal capacity		
Proxies	2020 GDP growth	deaths per million	Tests per case	Stringency Index (average)	Tourism (% of GDP)	Gross debt position (% of GDP)		
Cambodia	-3.1	0	897	38	16	32		
China	2.3	0	1,853	68	0	62		
Fiji	-19.0	3	240	51	30	84		
Indonesia	-2.1	81	6	54	2	39		
Lao PDR	0.4	0	2,080	35	5	60		
Malaysia	-5.6	15	244	54	6	68		
Mongolia	-5.4	1	1,180	58	4	60		
Myanmar	1.7	49	336	60	3	42		
Philippines	-9.5	84	17	66	3	49		
PNG	-3.8	ĺ	47	43	Û	47		
Thailand	-6.1	1	880	46	13	50		
Timor-Leste	-7.3	0	382	32		12		
Tonga	-1.5	0		40	10	42		
Vietnam	2.9	0	4,277	57	4	47		
EAP median	-4.0	4	113	50	3	47		
World median	-5.2	81	48	52	3	62		

Source: World Bank, April 2021







7-DAY AVERAGE OF DAILY VACCINATED INDIVIDUALS: 67.780





* The total doors have increased with the annual of the 1.500,000 Corona/vac doors tast 7.4Aec 2027. the 3.530 400 Actual anece stones last # May 2021, and the 183,050 Plane doces last 10 May 2021 Distribution of these doces have already begun, and are already reflected in this report. Both these additional desirs, more priority groups will be covered.

** DND and AFP have received a total of 172,200 doesn of recomes. Data on vaccines administered are inconstructed as the flagsional localdate

*** Ruli out of the 2nd date for Priority Group A1 has began in all regions, man squarest COVID-114. Resilient Riv Princelly Group A2-has begins in all regions, and A2-bit Sector Ave-begins in Regions 1, 3, 44, 48, 5, 6, and in CAR, yed ACR. Vacconation solition for Princip Delog A3 And Degun in Regions 2, 3, 44, 48, 5, 6, 2, 8, 7, 12, 21, 21 and in CARREA, BARMAN, CAR, and ACR, and ACR. 2nd dozen Nave begun in Reports 2, 3, 44, 5, 6, and in CAR, and ACR. The reconstruction for Pricing Dougs A4 has begun in all regions under the symbolic vaccination of A4 in recognition of Labor Day

Current deployment is for Priority Groups A1, A2, A3, and A4 (ceremonial vaccination only for Labor Day) all of whom were given CoronaVac, AstraZeneca, or Sputnik V vaccines.

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VACCINATION STATUS (AS OF MAY 11, 2021)

VACCINES ARE ALREADY AVAILABLE BUT...

AT CURRENT RATE, WE NEED 3 YEARS



HOW MUCH DID WE SPENT FOR COVID19 IN 2020?

USD Billion

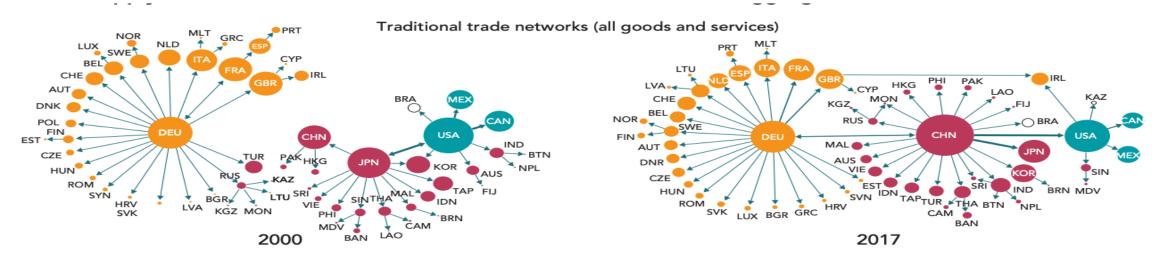
Above the line measures

Percent of GDP

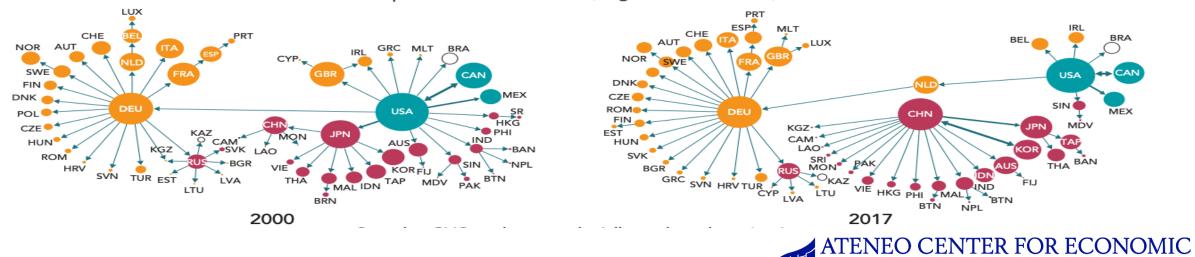
Above the line measures

		Additional spending or foregone revenues		Accelerated spending /		onal spen gone reve	Accelerated spending /	
	Subtotal	Health sector	Non-health sector	deferred revenue	Subtotal	Health sector	Non- health sector	deferred revenue
Brazil	126	17	109	39	8.8	1.2	7.6	2.7
China	711	21	689	232	4.8	0.1	4.7	1.6
India	90	10	80	19	3.3	0.4	3.0	0.7
Indonesia	48	19	29		4.5	1.8	2.7	
Singapore	54.5	0.6	53.9		16.0	0.2	15.9	
Malaysia	15.1	0.4	14.7	0.0	4.5	0.1	4.3	0.0
Philippines	9.8	1.5	8.3		2.7	0.4	2.3	
Thailand	41.2				8.2			
Vietnam	4.8	0.0	4.8	7.8	1.4	0.0	1.4	2.3
Source IMF, April 2021								

NEGATIVE SHOCKS WILL LINGER: We are Part of the Global Value Chain



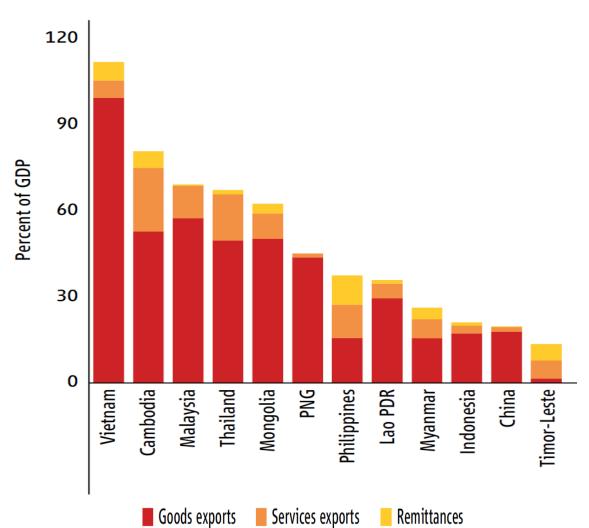
Simple GVC trade networks (all goods and services)

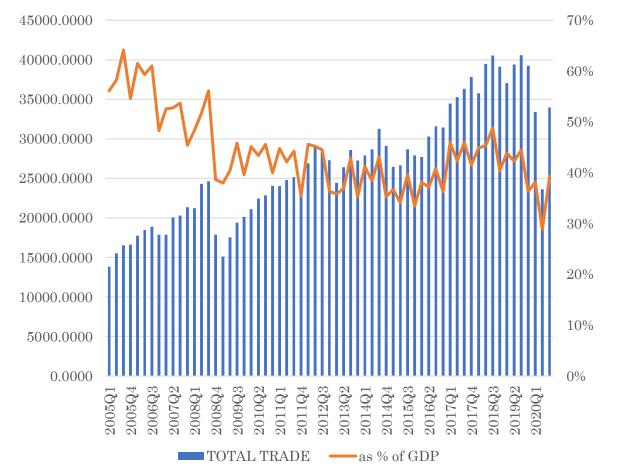


RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

Source: WTO, 2019

40% OF PHILIPPINE GDP IS CONNECTED TO THE WORLD

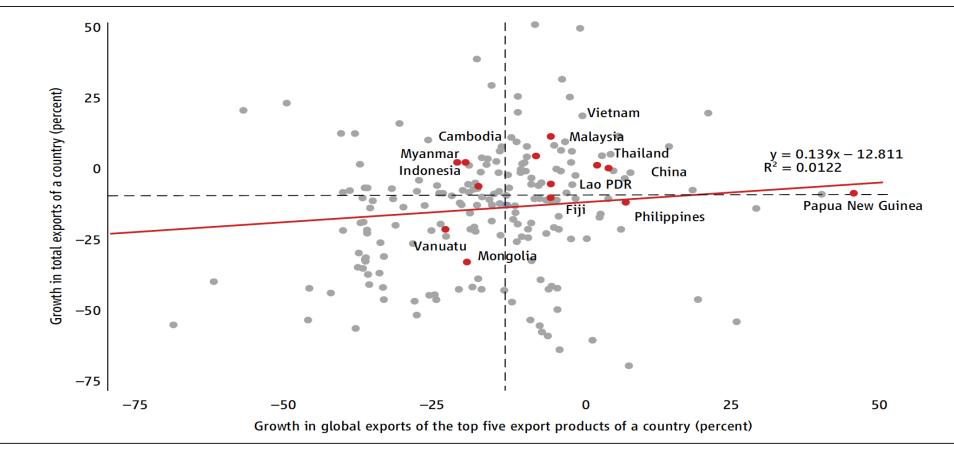




PHILIPPINE TOTAL TRADE

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Some Growth in exports



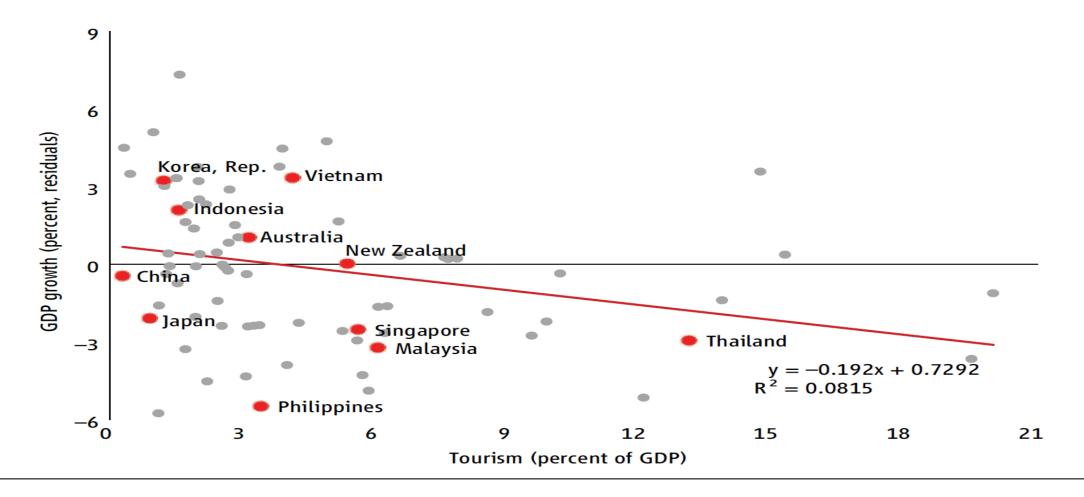
Source: US, EU, and Japan customs administrations.

Note: The scatter plot shows the relationship between the global demand increase in each country's top five exported products (rank based on 2019 data) and that particular country's aggregate export growth.

Source: WB, 2021



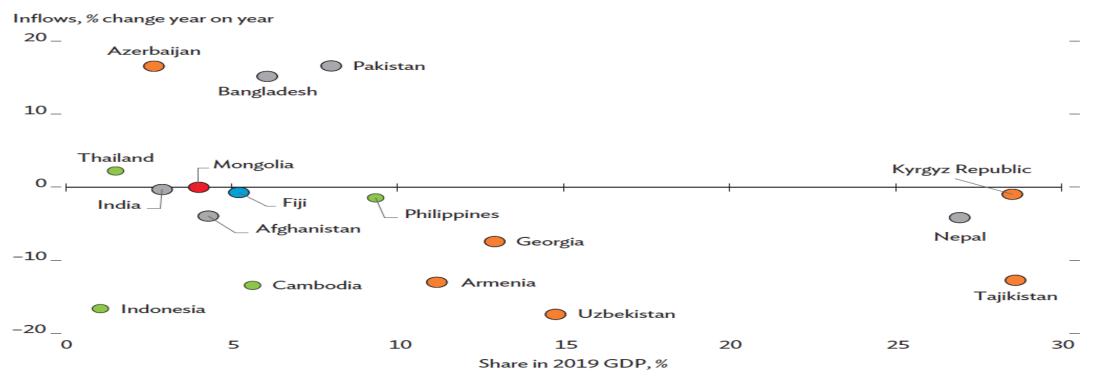
TOURISM HEAVY DECLINE



Source: WB, 2021



REMITTANCES DID NOT FALL AS MUCH AS EXPECTED



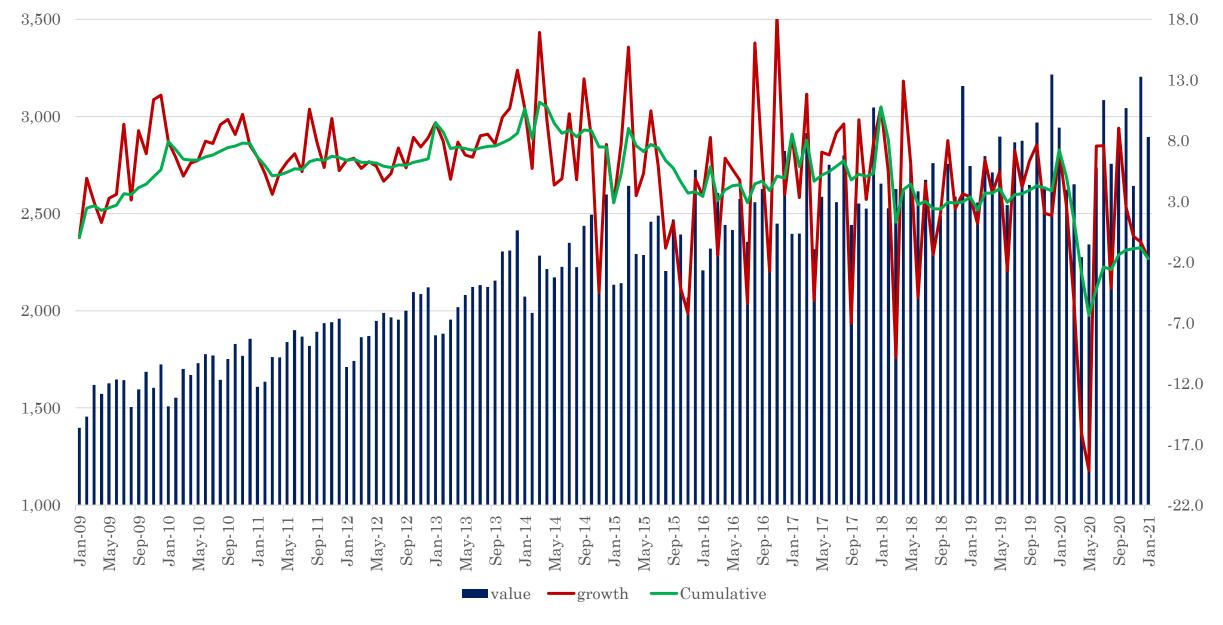
GDP = gross domestic product, Q = quarter.

Notes: The sample is restricted to economies where remittances accounted for at least 1% of GDP in 2019. Remittances are defined as the sum of "compensation for employees" and "personal transfers" in the balance of payments.

Sources: International Monetary Fund. Balance of Payments and International Investment Position Statistics. https://data.imf.org/; World Bank. World Development Indicators Database. https://data.worldbank.org/ (both accessed 31 March 2021).

Source: ADB, 2021

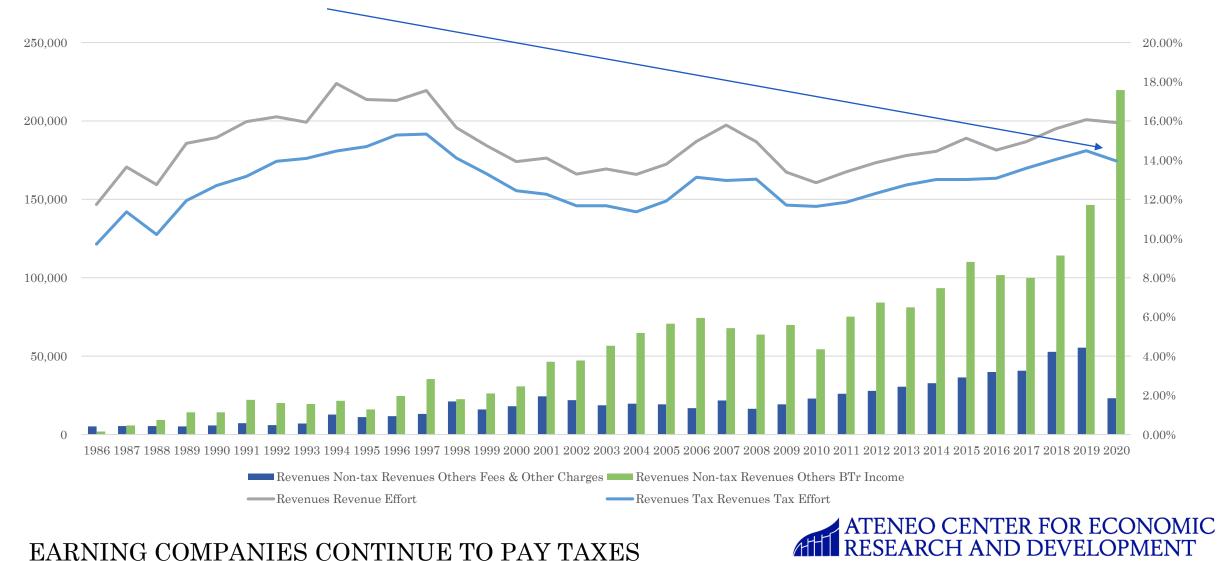




REMITTANCES WILL BE SLOWER

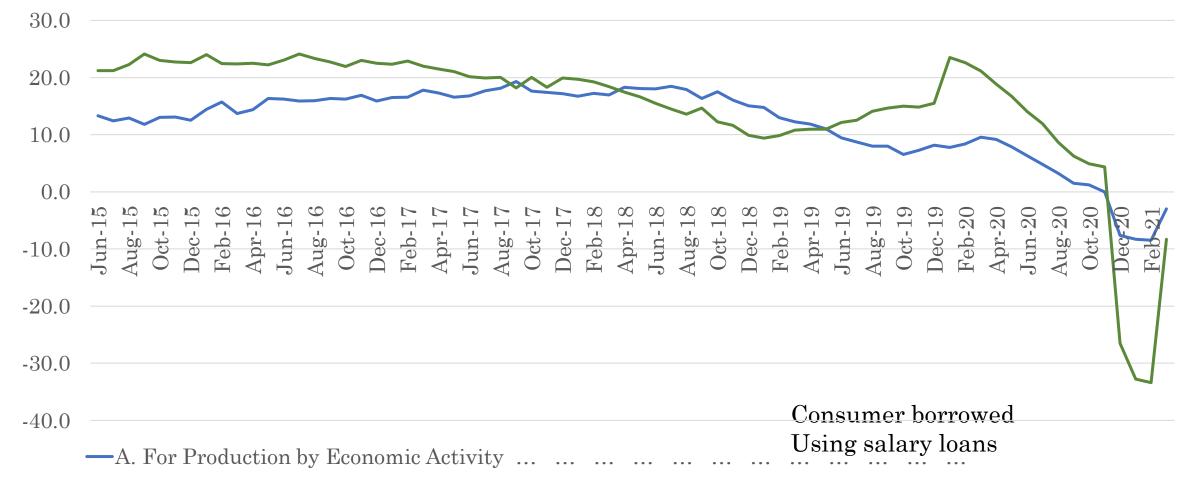


DESPITE CRISIS: REVENUE EFFORT DID NOT FALL SIGNIFICANTLY



EARNING COMPANIES CONTINUE TO PAY TAXES



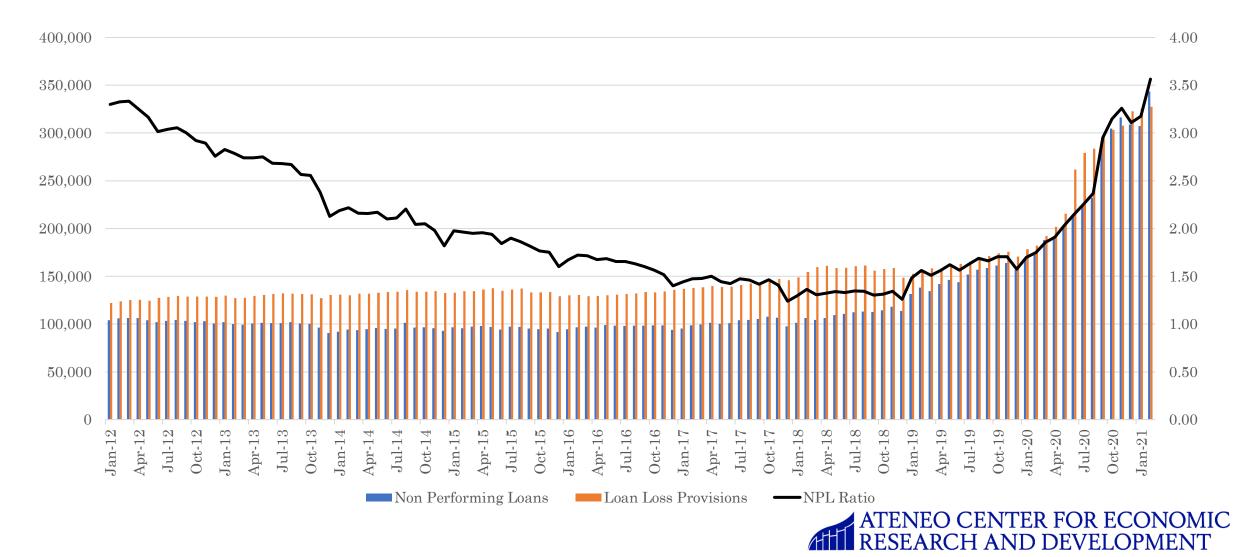


-B. For Consumer Loans Activities of Extra-Territorial Organizations and Bodies

FIRMS and CONSUMERS DO NOT WANT TO BORROW OR BANKS ARE NOT LENDING

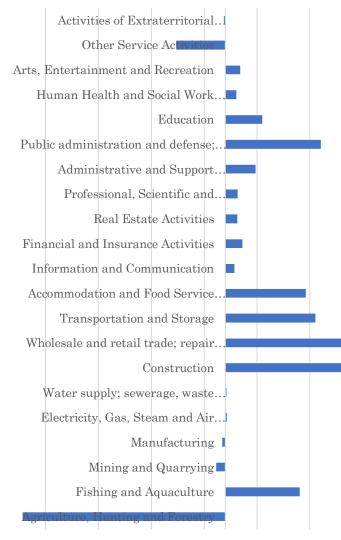


NON PERFORMING LOANS RISING



NUMBER OF EMPLOYED PER SECTOR IS ALREADY RISING!

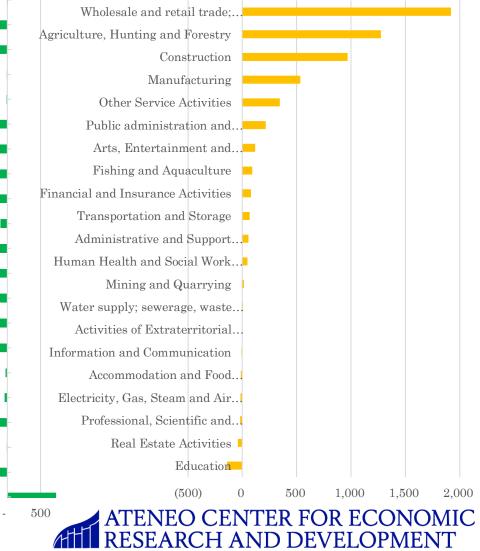
2018-2019



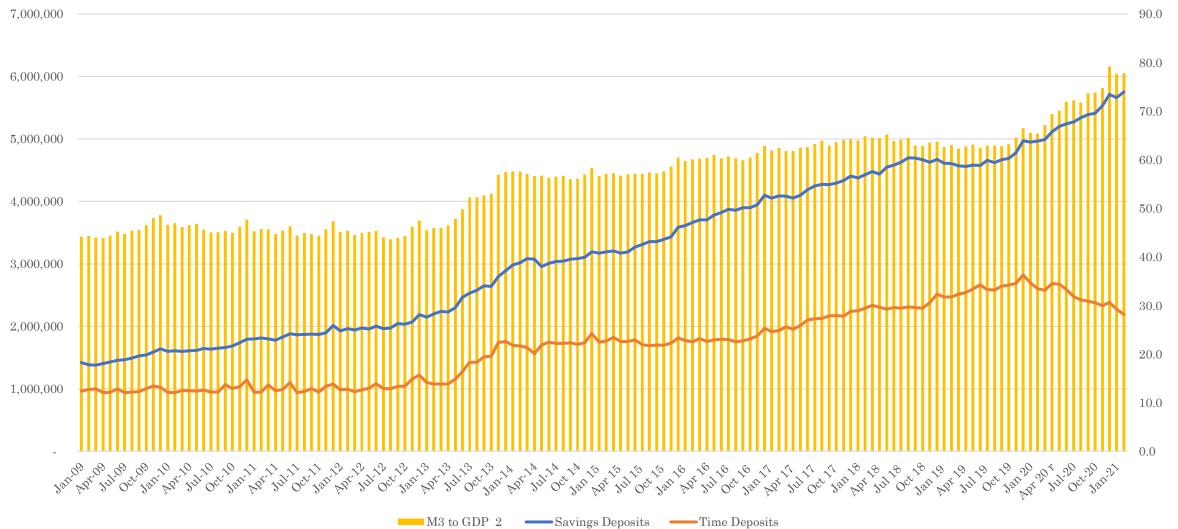
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Oct 2020 - March 2021

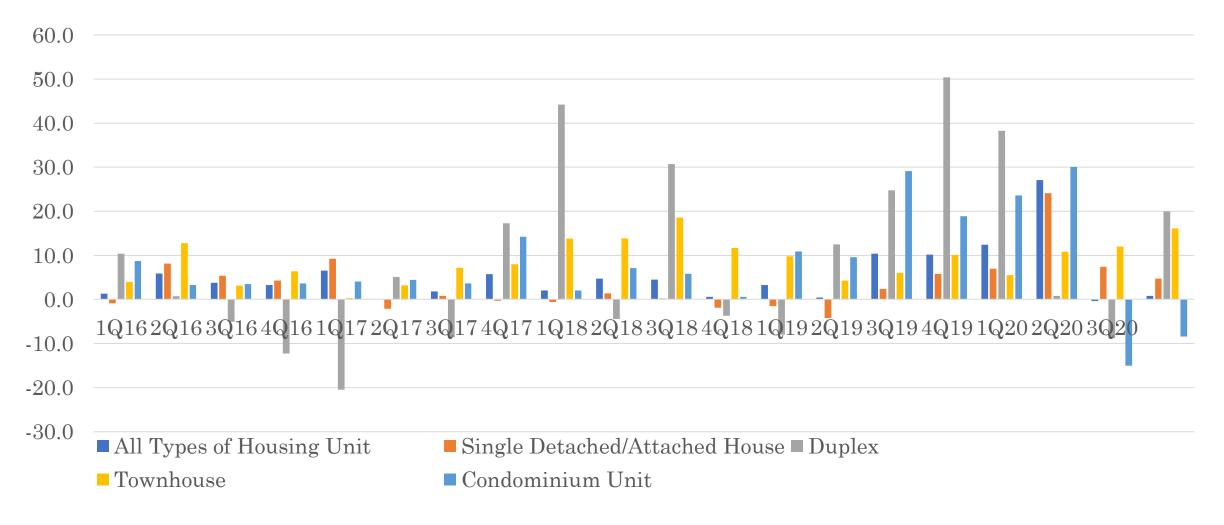


SAVINGS INCREASING DURING PANDEMIC AS MONEY SUPPLY REACH 80% OF GDP – PEOPLE WANT TO BE LIQUID



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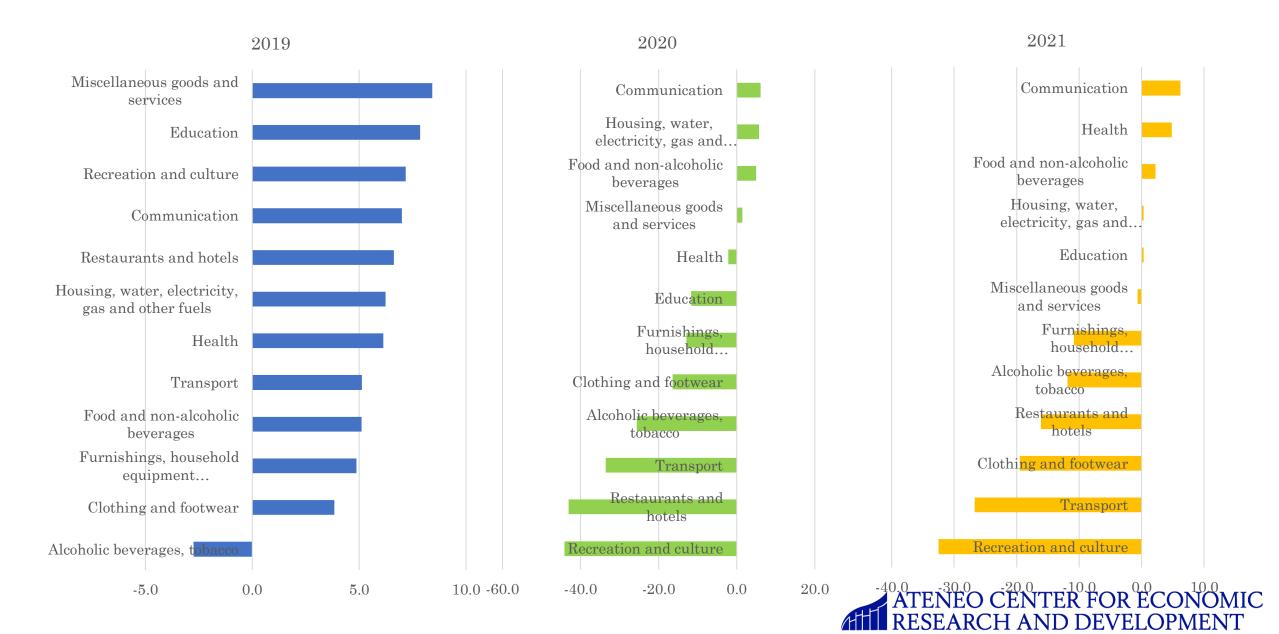
Growth Rate of Housing Real Estate (YoY)



PEOPLE SHIFTED TO BUYING LANDED VS CONDOMINIUM PROPERTIES



GROWTHIN HOUSEHOLD CONSUMPTION COMPONENTS

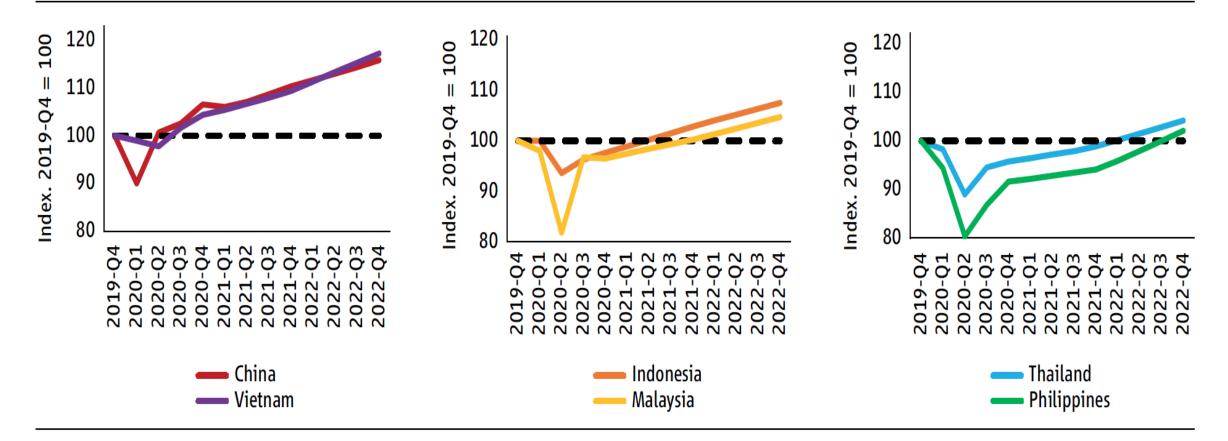


BUSINESS CYCLE OF INCOME

		202	.0	2021					Steady
		Q4	Year	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Year	State
 2020 COVID hit: Accomodat'n Transport Construction Growth	GROSS DOMESIC PRODUCT	-8.27	-9.33	-4.2	3.7	4.7	5.1	2.3	5.9
	AGRICULTURE, FISHERY & FORESTRY	0.84	0.84	-1.2	1.9	2.0	2.0	1.2	2.0
	INDUSTRY SECTOR	-9.93	-13.09	-4.7	3.6	5.6	5.8	2.6	5.8
	Mining and Quarrying	-14.78	-18.19	-1.0	-0.6	0.9	1.3	0.2	1.5
	Manufacturing	-7.11	-10.40	0.5	2.6	3.7	4.3	2.8	5.0
	Electricity Gas and Water	1.66	0.08	1.9	6.1	5.7	5.6	4.8	5.7
	Construction	-23.39	-24.10	-24.2	5.9	11.6	11.5	1.2	8.3
	SERVICE SECTOR	-8.39	-68.66	-4.4	4.0	4.8	5.3	2.4	6.6
Finance	Wholesale & retail; repair: vehicles & bikes	-3.82	-5.38	-3.9	7.0	6.2	5.8	3.8	5.9
Public Admin	Transport and Storage	-16.36	-28.93	-18.8	1.6	4.2	5.7	-1.8	7.6
BPOs	Accommodation & food service activities	-40.58	-44.64	-20.6	0.3	1.3	2.1	-4.2	4.9
	Information and communication	3.12	4.93	6.3	4.9	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.7
	Financial and insurance activities	8.55	6.82	5.2	9.0	9.3	9.3	8.2	9.3
	Real estate and ownership of dwellings	-18.86	-17.56	-13.2	-6.7	-3.6	-1.4	-6.2	5.8
	Professional and business services	-9.94	-9.02	-6.5	4.3	6.2	7.2	2.8	8.8
	Pub. admin. & def.; compulsory soc. act.	5.06	5.59	7.5	6.3	6.6	6.7	6.8	6.7
	Education	-13.09	-11.20	-1.0	-9.5	-5.9	-3.8	-5.1	3.8
	Human health and social work activities	-2.61	-4.04	11.7	4.4	5.0	5.5	6.7	6.1
	Other services	-31.45	-38.73	-38.0	-1.0	1.3	2.1	-8.9	4.1



OUR RETURN TO 2019 LEVELS IS LIKELY AT THE END OF 2022



Source: World Bank staff estimates. Note: Black (horizontal) dotted line shows 2019-Q4 index.



SUMMARY

- The worst maybe over, but can turn back anytime unless we address the 3 elements
- •Overall confidence is largely dependent on vaccine rollout, testing capacity and acceptability
- Consistent fall in daily cases will be the game changer for confidence to return at full blast
- Taking advantage of low interest rates which is ending
 Be wary of overall inflation
- •Slow recovery better than no recovery



THANK YOU AND GOD BLESS!

apang@ateneo.edu

